



#5  
Docket No.: OSTEONICS 3.0-322  
(PATENT)

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

In re Patent Application of:  
Patrick Raugel

Application No.: 10/007,130

Group Art Unit: 3732

Filed: November 5, 2001

Examiner: Not Yet Assigned

For: HANDLING DEVICE FOR ACETABULAR  
BEARING LINER

**CLAIM FOR PRIORITY AND SUBMISSION OF DOCUMENTS**

Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, DC 20231

Dear Sir:

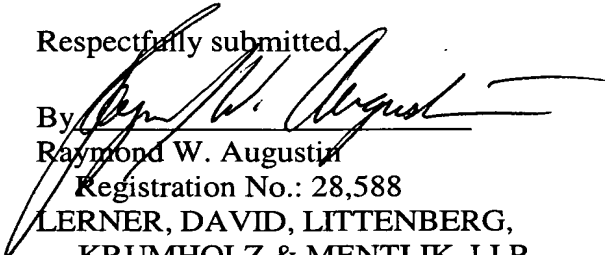
Applicant hereby claims priority under 35 U.S.C. 119 based on the following prior foreign application filed in the following foreign country on the date indicated:

<u>Country</u>	<u>Application No.</u>	<u>Date</u>
Great Britain	GB-A-00 27206.2	November 7, 2000

In support of this claim, a certified copy of the original foreign application is filed herewith.

Dated: January 31, 2002

Respectfully submitted,

By   
Raymond W. Augustin

Registration No.: 28,588  
LERNER, DAVID, LITTENBERG,  
KRUMHOLZ & MENTLIK, LLP  
600 South Avenue West  
Westfield, New Jersey 07090  
(908) 654-5000  
Attorneys for Applicant

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the U.S. Postal Service with sufficient postage as First Class Mail, in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231, on the date shown below.

Dated: January 31, 2002

Signature: 

(Raymond W. Augustin)



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INVESTOR IN PEOPLE

The Patent Office  
Concept House  
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I, the undersigned, being an officer duly authorised in accordance with Section 74(1) and (4) of the Deregulation & Contracting Out Act 1994, to sign and issue certificates on behalf of the Comptroller-General, hereby certify that annexed hereto is a true copy of the documents as originally filed in connection with the patent application identified therein.

I also certify that by virtue of a change of name registered under the Patents Act 1977, the application is now proceeding in the name as substituted.

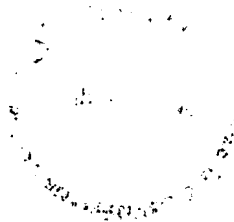
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Signed   
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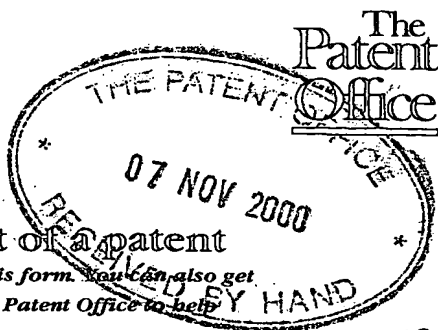
GB0027206.2

By virtue of a direction given under Section 30 of the Patents Act 1977, the application is proceeding in the name of

BENOIST GIRARD SAS, Incorporated in France,  
203 Boulevard de la Grande Delle B.P.8,  
14201 Herouville-Saint-Clair Cedex,  
France

[ADP No. 08098337001]

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08NOV00 E58192952 D02624  
P01/7700 0.00-0027206.2

# Request for grant of a patent

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The Patent Office

Cardiff Road  
Newport  
Gwent NP9 1RH

SECTION 30 (1977 ACT) APPLICATION FILED 3/7/00

1. Your reference

AJBB/SPY/H.96

2. Patent application number

(The Patent Office will fill in this part)

0027206.2

07 NOV 2000

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

BENOIST GIRARD ET CIE  
203, Boulevard de la Grande Delle - B.P.8.  
14201 Hérouville-Saint-Clair Cédex,  
France.

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

7325855001

4. Title of the invention

HANDLING DEVICE FOR BEARING LINER

5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

A.J. BRIDGE-BUTLER

G.F. REDFERN & CO.  
7 Staple Inn,  
Holborn,  
London WC1V 7QF

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

1412002

6953020001

6. If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and (if you know it) the or each application number

Country

Priority application number  
(if you know it)

Date of filing  
(day / month / year)

7. If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application

Number of earlier application

Date of filing  
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8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (Answer 'Yes' if:

- a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or
  - b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or
  - c) any named applicant is a corporate body.
- See note (d))

YES

## Patents Form 1/77

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Description

Claim(s)

Abstract

Drawing(s)

8

2

2

10. If you are also filing any of the following, state how many against each item.

Priority documents

Translations of priority documents

Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (*Patents Form 7/77*)

Request for preliminary examination and search (*Patents Form 9/77*)

Request for substantive examination (*Patents Form 10/77*)

Any other documents  
(please specify)

11.

I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Signature

Date

7 November 2000

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom

A.J. BRIDGE-BUTLER

020 7242 7680

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## HANDLING DEVICE FOR BEARING LINER

This invention relates to a handling device for use with a bearing liner which is to be introduced into the socket of an acetabular cup.

Acetabular cups are often provided with a bearing liner and such a liner can be made from a ceramic material. Bearing liners of this type are relatively fragile but in some constructions the liner is adapted to be held into the socket by the provision of a taper on the outside wall of the liner engaging a corresponding taper on the inner wall of the socket.

EP 0 636 351 shows a socket bearing which has a male taper adapted to self-lock into a cup provided with an appropriate co-operating female taper.

Because of the relatively fragile nature of ceramic liners great care must be taken to ensure that the tapers are in alignment and it is quite easy to misalign the tapers and wedge the liner out of alignment. This can create difficulties in removing the liner especially if the socket has already been implanted in the acetabulum

A further difficulty is that if excess pressure is applied onto a misaligned ceramic bearing liner it is capable of shattering thus producing a large number of tiny pieces.

It is also possible to chip and damage such ceramic liners and every precaution must be taken to avoid this.

The present invention is intended to overcome some of the difficulties referred to above.

According to the present invention a handling device to hold a bearing liner which is to be introduced into the socket of an acetabular cup comprises a support provided with means for alignment on said acetabular cup and having an opening which has a deformable rim adapted to receive the outer circumference of the bearing liner to be inserted.

Thus, a bearing liner, for example of the tapered type, is inserted into the opening in the support until the rim is engaged. The held bearing liner can now be accurately located in the tapered socket utilising the alignment means. Because the lower surface of the support rests against the upper rim of the acetabular cup, the bearing liner is not fully engaged. This is easily achieved by pushing the bearing liner downwards through the deformable rim of the opening in the support so that the liner is correctly inserted. The handling device is now free of the bearing liner and can be removed.

Preferably means for alignment on the acetabular cup are formed by a substantially flat lower surface surrounding said opening.

The support can be in the form of a substantially flat plate and can be made from a sheet material, for example a synthetic plastics material.

The opening in the support can have a castellated rim which thus assists the rim to deform when the bearing liner is pushed through it.

The device can also include means for retaining the bearing liner in the opening in the support and these can, for example, be provided by the deformable rim itself which is adapted to resiliently grip the bearing liner.

In another construction the retaining means can be provided by a retainer adapted to extend across the upper rim of the bearing liner and means can be provided for securing the retainer to the support, for example by clips or studs.

Alternatively the retaining means can be formed by an extended portion of the support which is bent back across the upper rim of the bearing liner.

In one preferred embodiment the retainer is provided with an opening of smaller dimensions than the upper outer rim of the bearing liner, the opening being aligned with the opening in the support when in use.

In an alternative construction the retainer can be formed with a manually deformable portion which is aligned with the opening in the support when in use. With this arrangement the deformable portion is deformed by pushing it inwards to detach the bearing liner from the support.

If desired an operating handle can be included which is adapted to manually deform the deformable portion to allow the handle to bear on the cup portion of the bearing liner to displace it from the support.

Means can be provided to allow the operating handle to pass through a reception opening in the retainer so that it can bear against the surface of the cup portion of the bearing liner but cannot be withdrawn without carrying the retainer with it.

In this arrangement the reception opening can be provided with a screw thread through which a co-operating screw thread on the operating handle can pass.

The invention also includes a handling device as set forth above which is located on a bearing liner and is incorporated in a sterile package.

Thus, the bearing liner can be held sterile in the package, the bearing liner lifted out of the package by the handling device and used by the surgeon without further sterilisation.

The invention can be performed in various ways and some embodiments will now be described by way of example and with reference to the accompanying drawings in which :

Figure 1 is an isometric view of a device according to the invention in place on a bearing liner ready for insertion into a socket;

Figure 2 is a side elevation of the device shown in Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a plan view of the device shown in Figure 2;

Figure 4 is a plan view of the device shown in Figure 1 in its opened position;

Figure 5 is an enlarged cross-sectional side elevation of part of the device shown in Figures 1 to 4; and,

Figure 6 is a side elevation of a device according to the invention located on a bearing liner and incorporated in a sterile package.

Figure 7 is a diagrammatic part cross-sectional side elevation of another construction according to the invention;

Figure 8 is a diagrammatic cross-sectional side elevation of another alternative construction;

Figure 9 is a diagrammatic illustration of an operating handle for use with the construction shown in Figure 8;

Figure 10 is an enlarged view of another alternative construction;

Figure 11 shows part of an operating handle for use with the construction shown in Figure 10; and,

Figure 12 is a part cross-sectional diagrammatic side elevation of a simplified constructions according to the invention.

In a first embodiment of the invention and as shown in Figures 1 to 6 a handling device 1 according to present invention for holding a bearing liner 2 which is to be introduced into a socket 3 of an acetabular cup 4 comprises a support in the form of a first portion 5 which is provided with an opening 6 which has a radially incised deformable rim 7. The incisions extend around the circumference of the rim 7 and extend radially outwardly to a diameter slightly larger than the largest outer diameter of the bearing liner 2. The incisions could be replaced by slots or castellations to provide the deformable rim. This opening is adapted to receive the outer circumference 8 of the bearing liner 2. This outer circumference 8 is tapered so that the bearing liner sits in the opening 6 with its upper rim projecting in the manner shown in Figures 1 and 2. The relative diameters of the liner 2 and rim 7 and choice of material of the first portion 5 can be such that the rim 7 is adapted to resiliently grip the liner 2. The handling device also includes a retainer provided by a second portion 10 which has an opening 11 which is of smaller diameter than the upper outer circumference 12 of the bearing liner 2.

The second portion 10 forms an extension of the first portion 5 and they are hinged together at 13 by any suitable hinge construction. In a preferred embodiment, as shown in the drawings, the first and second portions are formed as a tray hinged at its centre. The first portion 5 has a projecting handle 14 which is repeated in the second portion 10 by a handle 15.

The first and second portions may conveniently be made from sheet material, for example a synthetic plastics material such as PETG copolyester film made by LUSTRO and about 0.7 mm thick. The thickness of the material required will depend upon the characteristics of the material used. The lower surface 16 of the first portion is substantially flat when it is in position, as shown in Figure 1 to act as means for alignment on the acetabular cup 4. Due to the resilience of the thin sheet material however the second portion 10 can be bent over the upper rim of the bearing liner so that the handles 14 and 15 are closely adjacent, as shown in Figure 6, and this assists in manoeuvring the device when in use and retains the bearing liner in place.

In order to assist handling of the device bosses 17 are provided on the handles 14 and 15 as is most clearly shown in Figure 5.

Figure 6 shows how the handling device can be located on a bearing liner which has been incorporated into a sterile package. The same reference numerals are used to indicate similar parts to those used in Figures 1 to 5 and it will be seen that the second portion 10 has been moved down so that it can now lie flat against the upper rim 12 of the bearing liner. The bearing liner and handling device are encapsulated in the well-known form of a bubble package which usually incorporates a TYVEK backing 18 which has been encapsulated by a blown thermoplastics material bubble 19.

The handling device and bearing liner can therefore be maintained in a sterile condition and only removed by the surgeon when they are required. With this arrangement it is only necessary for the surgeon to move the first portion 5 until it engages the rim 12 of the bearing liner, fold the second portion down to the position shown in Figure 6 and use the liner to correctly locate and insert the bearing liner into the socket 3 of the acetabular cup 4. The surgeon now releases the second portion, opens it away from the first portion and pushes the bearing liner 2 through the deformable rim 7 into place in the socket 3 correctly engaging the tapered walls, due to the fact that

he can place the lower surface 16 of the first portion 5 directly on the upper rim of the acetabular cup knowing that it will be substantially correctly aligned due to its flat lower surface. With the bearing liner in place the handling device is removed from the area.

Figure 7 shows an alternative construction in which the bearing liner is again indicated by reference numeral 2. In this construction the support 20 again has an opening and edge as described with regard to the construction shown in Figure 1 to 6 but the retainer 21 not only extends across the upper rim 12 of the bearing liner 2 but is formed at its centre portion above the bearing liner socket with a manually deformable portion 22 which is aligned with the opening in the support 20. The deformable portion can be formed by a series of radially extending slots or incisions (not shown) or by treating this portion, for example by localised heating, to render it easily deformable. In the construction shown in Figure 7 clips 23 are provided at each end for securing the retainer 21 to the support 20. The bearing liner is aligned in a similar manner to that described with regard to Figures 1 to 6 but is simply pushed into place by the surgeon's finger, the manually deformable portion 22 deforming appropriately to allow the bearing liner to be detached from the support 20.

Figure 8 shows a somewhat similar construction to that shown in Figure 7 but in this arrangement the clips 23 are dispensed with and moulded snap fasteners 25 are provided to hold the retainer and the support together. This Figure shows how an operating handle, as shown in Figure 9, and indicated by reference numeral 26, can be used. The operating handle has an appropriately rounded end 27 which is used in place of the surgeon's finger.

Figure 10 shows another construction which is rather similar to that shown in Figures 7 and 8 but in this arrangement a screw threaded opening 30 is provided in the retainer 31. This opening 30 is provided in a collar 32. The operating handle for use with this arrangement is indicated by reference numeral 33 in Figure 11 and has a rounded end 34

similar to that shown in Figure 9. Spaced away from the rounded end 34 is a flange 35 which carries a single screw thread 36. In use, the single screw thread 36 on the handle 33 is rotated through the threaded opening 30 until the threaded flange is clear of the opening, that is as shown in Figure 10. The handle can now be pushed further down to release the bearing liner 2 from the support 20 and the handle is then used to remove the handling device complete. Thus the surgeon need not touch the equipment at all. With the flange 35 held in the screw threaded opening 30 the handling device, complete with bearing liner, can be manoeuvred into place.

Figure 12 shows a simplified construction in which the support 40 is again formed from a sheet of plastics material and can again have the castellated deformable edge to its central opening but with this arrangement the edge of the opening is provided with a resilient bead 41 which is adapted to resiliently grip the bearing liner. Thus, with this construction the alignment means are again provided by the lower surface of the support 40, the handling device can be positioned with the bearing liner in place and it is merely necessary to push the bearing liner through the resiliently gripping deformable rim to locate it in place in the acetabular cup.



Fig 1

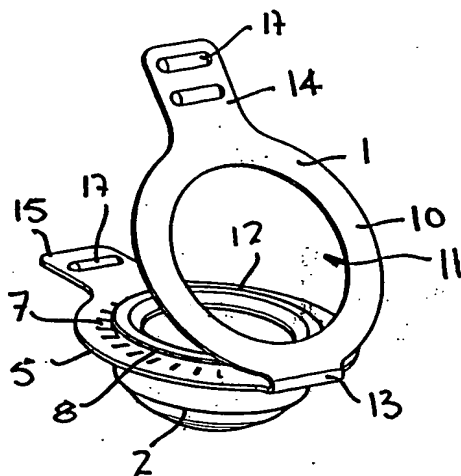


Fig 2

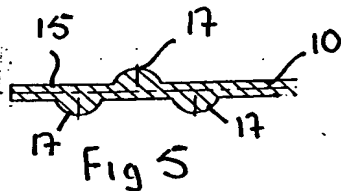
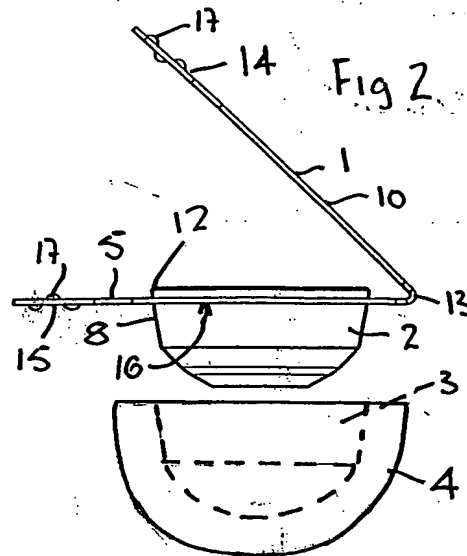


Fig 3

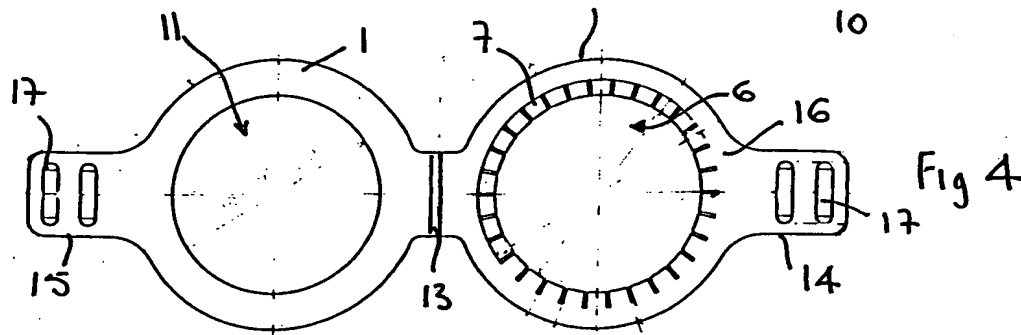
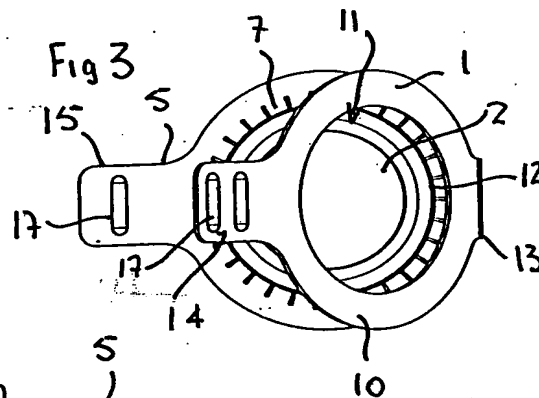
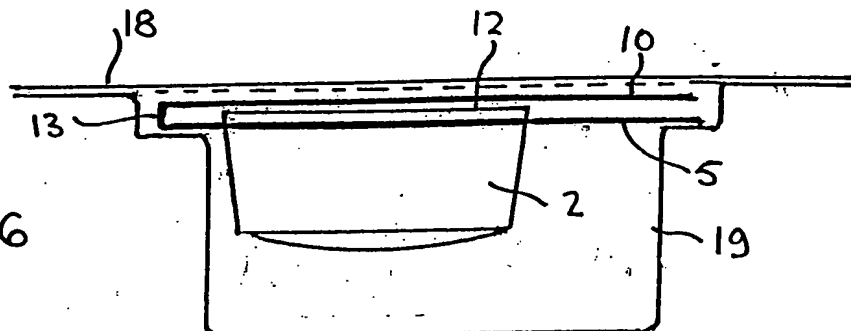


Fig 6





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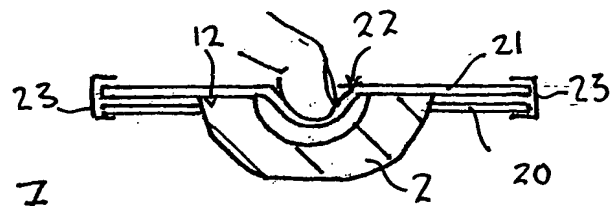


Fig 7

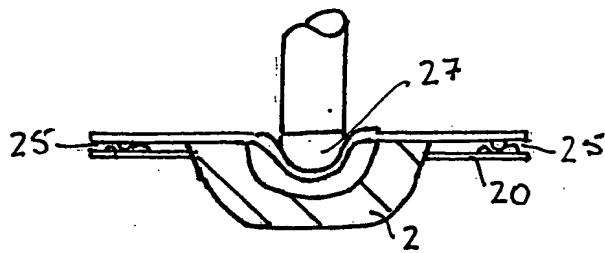


Fig 8

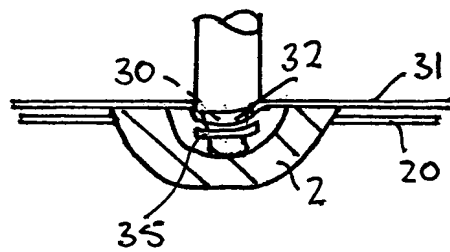


Fig 10



Fig 12

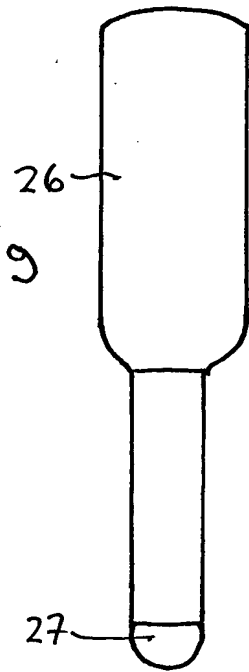


Fig 9

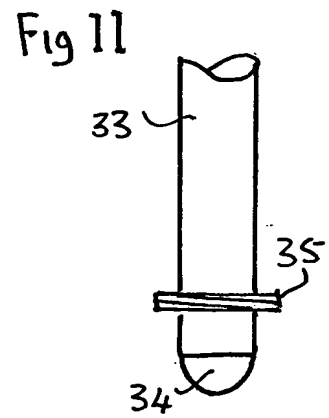


Fig 11



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